FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

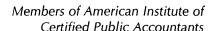


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3201 West White Oaks Drive, Suite 102 • Springfield, IL 62704

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Trustees Village of Sherman, Illinois Sherman, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of Village of Sherman, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2010 which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Village of Sherman, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the Village of Sherman, Illinois, as of April 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The required supplementary information listed in the table of contents is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The Village has not presented a management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Sherman, Illinois' basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as whole.

Springfield, Illinois

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

April 30, 2010

	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-Type				
	Activities	Activities	Total			
ASSETS						
Current Assets:	e 722.027	¢ 200.156	\$ 942,093			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 732,937	\$ 209,156	2,506,611			
Investments	2,329,609	177,002	1,096,804			
Property tax receivable	1,096,804	•	140,473			
Other receivables	140,473	(39,339)	140,473			
Due from (to) other funds	39,339	(39,339)	_			
Restricted assets:		197 110	187,110			
Cash and cash equivalents	4 220 162	187,110 533,929	4,873,091			
Total current assets	4,339,162	333,929	4,873,091			
Capital Assets:						
Land	50,000	-	50,000			
Other capital assets, net of	•					
accumulated depreciation	1,843,572	1,117,573	2,961,145			
Total capital assets	1,893,572	1,117,573	3,011,145			
-						
Total assets	6,232,734	1,651,502	7,884,236			
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
	45,752	15,305	61,057			
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable	32,763	15,505	32,763			
Deferred revenue	1,096,804	_	1,096,804			
Compensated absences payable, current	16,661	3,808	20,469			
Capital leases, current	13,576	5,000	13,576			
G.O. bonds payable, current	34,200	55,800	90,000			
TIF bonds payable, current	279,840	55,000	279,840_			
Total current liabilities	1,519,596	74,913	1,594,509			
Total cultent habilities	1,319,390	74,713	1,324,307			
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Compensated absences payable, noncurrent	t 19,718	5,501	25,219			
Capital leases, noncurrent	18,636	-	18,636			
G.O. bonds payable, noncurrent	114,000	186,000	300,000			
TIF bonds payable, noncurrent	1,236,000	-	1,236,000			
TIF notes payable, noncurrent	355,258	-	355,258			
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,743,612	191,501	1,935,113			
Total liabilities	3,263,208	266,414	3,529,622			
NET ASSETS	1001000	1 115 553	2.070.022			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,861,360	1,117,573	2,978,933			
Restricted for maintenance of roadways	78,466	-	78,466			
Restricted for economic development	2,818,533	107 110	2,818,533			
Restricted for capital projects	107.72	187,110	187,110			
Restricted for debt service	197,739	90.405	197,739			
Unrestricted	(1,986,572)	80,405	(1,906,167)			
Total net assets	\$ 2,969,526	\$ 1,385,088	\$ 4,354,614			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

			Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		arges for ervices	Operating Grants and Contributions		-	l Grants and tributions	
Primary government:									
Governmental activities:					_		•		
General government	\$	273,750	\$	53,671	\$	-	\$		
Public safety		451,826		36,909		-		28,052	
Streets and public works		309,856		-		-		•	
Culture and recreation		12,438		-		-		-	
Economic Development		767,228		-		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		120,016				-		_	
Total governmental activities		1,935,114		90,580		-		28,052	
Business-type activities		386,029		421,688				-	
Total primary government	\$	2,321,143	\$	512,268	\$	_	\$	28,052	

General revenues:

Property taxes

Sales and use tax

Intergovernmental

Investment income

Other revenue

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Prior Period Adjustments

Net assets - beginning restated

Net assets - ending

Net (Expense)	Revenue	and (Changes	in	Net Assets

	Primary Government						
G	overnmental		siness-Type				
	Activities		Activities		Total		
\$	(220,079)	\$	-	\$	(220,079)		
	(386,865)		-		(386,865)		
	(309,856)		· •		(309,856)		
	(12,438)		-		(12,438)		
	(767,228)		-		(767,228)		
	(120,016)				(120,016)		
	(1,816,482)		-		(1,816,482)		
	-		35,659		35,659		
	(1,816,482)		35,659		(1,780,823)		
	1,211,976		<u>-</u>		1,211,976		
	288,545		-		288,545		
	300,761		-		300,761		
	15,255		1,885		17,140		
	24,417		-		24,417		
	1,840,954		1,885		1,842,839		
	24,472		37,544		62,016		
	2,992,872		1,350,870		4,343,742		
	(47,818)		(3,326)		(51,144)		
	2,945,054		1,347,544		4,292,598		
\$	2,969,526	\$	1,385,088	\$	4,354,614		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2010

	I					Tax Increment Financing Motor Fund Tax F					
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	231,106	\$ 424,796 2,329,609	\$	77,035 -	\$	732,937 2,329,609				
Property tax receivable Other receivables		148,447 134,245	948,357		6,228		1,096,804 140,473				
Due from other funds		54,568	92,413				146,981				
Total assets	\$	568,366	\$ 3,795,175	\$	83,263	\$	4,446,804				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	27,899	\$ 13,056	\$	4,797	\$	45,752				
Deferred revenue		148,447	948,357		-		1,096,804				
Due to other funds		92,413	15,229		-		107,642				
Total liabilities		268,759	976,642		4,797		1,250,198				
Fund balances:											
Reserved for maintenance of roadways		-	-		78,466		78,466				
Reserved for economic development		-	2,818,533		-		2,818,533				
Reserved for debt service		197,739	-		-		197,739				
Unreserved		101.060					101.000				
General		101,868			-		101,868				
Total fund balances	-	299,607	2,818,533		78,466		3,196,606				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	568,366	\$ 3,795,175	\$	83,263	\$	4,446,804				

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

April 30, 2010

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets

Fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 3,196,606
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in the governmental activities of \$2,772,983, net of accumulated depreciation of \$879,411, are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 1,893,572
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated absences payable	(36,379)
Accrued interest payable	(32,763)
Capital leases, current	(13,576)
G.O. Bond payable, current	(34,200)
TIF Bonds payable, current	(264,840)
Capital leases, noncurrent	(18,636)
G.O. Bond payable, noncurrent	(114,000)
TIF Bonds payable, noncurrent	(1,236,000)
TIF Notes payable, noncurrent	 (370,258)
Total long-term liabilities	 (2,120,652)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 2,969,526

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

REVENUES	General Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund	F	Motor uel Tax Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 189,768	\$ 1,022,208	\$	-	\$	1,211,976
Sales and use taxes	278,523	10,022		-		288,545
Intergovernmental	228,345	-		72,416		300,761
Licenses and permits	53,671	-		-		53,671
Fines	36,909	-		-		36,909
Investment income	448	14,707		100		15,255
Other revenues	 24,417	-				24,417
Total revenues	 812,081	1,046,937		72,516		1,931,534
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	153,520	84,927		-		238,447
Public safety	430,755	-		-		430,755
Streets and public works	222,521	-		58,860		281,381
Culture and recreation	10,538	-		-		10,538
Economic Development	-	615,000		-		615,000
Debt service:						
Principal	34,200	95,000		-		129,200
Interest	6,163	81,090		-		87,253
Capital outlay	41,609	152,228				193,837
Total expenditures	 899,306	1,028,245		58,860	_	1,986,411
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (87,225)	18,692		13,656		(54,877)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Capital lease proceeds	17,500	-		-		17,500
TIF Note proceeds	 _	176,090				176,090
Total other financing sources (uses)	 17,500	176,090		-		193,590
Net change in fund balances	 (69,725)	194,782		13,656		138,713
Fund balance at beginning of year	322,576	2,697,394		62,985		3,082,955
Prior period adjustment	 46,756	(73,643)		1,825		(25,062)
Fund balance at beginning of year - restated	 369,332	2,623,751		64,810		3,057,893
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 299,607	\$ 2,818,533	\$	78,466		3,196,606

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 138,713
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, loans, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources	
of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has an effect on net assets. Capital debt obligations principal payments	145,488
Lease proceeds	(17,500)
TIF Note proceeds	(176,090)
Accrued interest payable	(32,763)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Compensated absences payable	(1,173)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities	
report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset purchases capitalized	65,915
Depreciation expense	(126,170)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins,	
donations, and disposals) is to increase/decrease net assets:	
Donations of capital assets	 28,052
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 24,472
Change in het assets of governmental activities	 21,172

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

April 30, 2010

	Sewer Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 209,156
Investments	177,002
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	187,110
Total current assets	573,268
Noncurrent assets:	
Treatment facility - net of accumulated depreciation	1,117,573
Total noncurrent assets	1,117,573
Total assets	1,690,841
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	15,305
Due to General Fund	39,339
Compensated absences payable - current	3,808
G.O. bonds payable - current	55,800
Total current liabilities	114,252
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences payable	5,501
G.O. bonds payable	186,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	191,501
Total liabilities	305,753
Net assets:	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,117,573
Restricted for capital projects	187,110
Unrestricted	80,405
Total net assets	\$ 1,385,088

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

	Sewer Fund	
Operating Revenues:	_	
Charges for services	\$	421,688
Operating expenses:		
Salaries		93,563
Engineering		5,303
Maintenance and supplies		36,867
Sanitary usage		143,205
Collection fees		12,926
Depreciation		59,835
Utility rebates		2,780
Miscellaneous		21,495
Total operating expenses		375,974
Operating income		45,714
Nonoperating revenue (expense)		
Investment income		1,885
Interest and fees		(10,055)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)		(8,170)
Change in net assets		37,544
Total net assets, beginning of year		1,350,870
Prior period adjustment		(3,326)
Net assets beginning of year, restated		1,347,544
Total net assets, end of year	\$	1,385,088

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended April 30, 2010

		Sewer Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash received from customers	\$	447,365
Cash paid to suppliers		(194,515)
Cash paid to employees		(93,996)
		150.054
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		158,854
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets		(9,250)
Principal paid on general obligation bonds		(55,800)
Interest paid on general obligation bonds		(9,745)
Fiscal agent fees on bonds		(310)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital financing activities		(75,105)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of investments		(177,002)
Interest received		1,885
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(175,117)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(91,368)
Cash, beginning of year		487,634
Cash, end of year	\$	396,266
Cash consists of the following:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	209,156
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		187,110
	<u>\$</u>	396,266
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
from operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	45,714
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) to net cash provided		
(used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		59,835
Decrease in accounts receivable		25,677
Increase in amount due General Fund		32,016
Decrease in accounts payable		(3,955)
Decrease in compensated absences payable		(433)
Net cash from operating activities	\$	158,854

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS

April 30, 2010

	Agency Fund					
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Property tax receivable	\$	5,192 125,903				
Total assets	\$	131,095				
LIABILITIES						
Deferred revenue Due to bondholders	\$	125,903 5,192				
Total liabilities	\$	131,095				

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Village of Sherman, Illinois have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Village's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Village of Sherman, Illinois operates under a President-Trustee form of government. All significant activities and organizations on which the Village exercises oversight responsibility have been included in the Village's financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2010.

In evaluating how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a component unit in the reporting entity is based upon the significance of its operational or financial relationship with the primary government.

The Village has determined that no other outside entity meets the above criteria and, therefore, no other entity has been included as a component unit in the Village's financial statements.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements – Continued

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund financial statements of the Village are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are intended to finance. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. In determining when to recognize intergovernmental revenue (grants and shared revenue), the legal and contractual requirements of the individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two based for revenue recognition. In one, monies are virtually unrestricted as to the purpose of expenditure and are nearly irrevocable; therefore, these amounts are recognized as revenue at the time of their receipt or earlier if they meet the criteria of availability. In the other, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Village; therefore, revenue is recognized based upon the expenditure recorded.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Village considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for sales taxes collected within 90 days. Also, income taxes have a 120 day availability period in the current year due to delays in distributions from the State of Illinois. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses and permits, charges for services, fines and forfeits, miscellaneous revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Personal property replacement taxes are considered to be measurable when they have been collected and allocated by the state and are recognized as revenue at that time. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Village.

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the government. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Village or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental funds combined.

The Village reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Village and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – Continued

The Tax Increment Financing Fund is used to account for the activities relating to the Tax Increment Financing Districts.

The Motor Fuel Tax Fund is used to account for motor fuel taxes received and the use of those funds for certain projects.

The Village reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses related to operating and maintaining the Village's sewer operations.

Additionally, the Village reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, other governments, or other funds. These include the following fund type: Agency Funds. The Agency Fund is used to account for special deposits for which the Village acts as an agent for all special deposit activity.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Village's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets are not capitalized in the governmental funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to May 1, 2004. Prior to May 1, 2004, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. Infrastructure assets acquired since May 1, 2004, are recorded at cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extent asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	40 years
Vehicles	5 years
Equipment	5-10 years
Computers	5 years
Infrastructure	40 years
Sewer plant treatment facilities	40 years

The minimum capitalization amount for buildings is \$100,000, for vehicles is \$15,000, for equipment is \$5,000, for computers is \$2,500, and for infrastructure is \$1,000,000.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

F. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

G. Equity Classification

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. None of the restricted net assets result from enabling legislation adopted by the Village.
- c. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

G. Equity Classification - Continued

Fund Financial Statements

Government fund equity is classified as fund balance. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

H. Use of Estimates

Management of the Village has made certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market prices at April 30, 2010.

J. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave is accrued when incurred by the Village in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation leave of the proprietary fund is recorded as an expense and liability of that fund as the benefits accrued to employees. A liability in the governmental funds is reported only if the benefit has matured.

Full-time permanent employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the Village. Employees are allowed to accumulate two years vacation time. Employees are entitled to all accrued vacation leave upon termination. Sick leave also accrues to full-time employees; however, unused sick leave is not payable upon termination of employment.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Village's Board of Trustees have adopted an investment policy to invest in investments allowed by the Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) which authorize the Village to make deposits/investments in insured commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreement to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and the Illinois Funds.

It is the policy of the Village to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Village and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds. The primary objectives of the policy, in order of priority are; conformance with legal requirements, protection of investment, liquidity, and attainment of market rates of return.

A. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. To guard against credit risk for deposits with financial institutions the Village's investment policy requires all deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance to be collateralized with collateral held at an independent third party institution in the name of the Village evidenced by a written agreement.

B. Investments

The following table presents the investments in debt securities of the Village as of April 30, 2010 by type of investment.

					Ma	turity (in	n ye	ears)			
Investment	<u>I</u>	Fair Value	L	ess than 1		1-5	_	6-1	0_	_>	10
Illinois Funds	\$	427,047	\$	427,047	\$		_	\$	-	\$	-

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS – Continued

B. Investments – Continued

The Illinois Funds is an external investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Fund's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold. The Illinois Funds Money Market and Prime Fund are rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the market interest rates. The Village's policy limits the investments to securities maturing less than one year from the date of purchase. The reserve funds of the Village may be invested in securities exceeding one year if the maturity of such investments coincide with the expected use of the funds.

The Village limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity by primarily investing in Illinois Funds and certificate of deposits.

For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Village will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The Village limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by utilizing independent, third party institutions, selected by the Village, to act as custodian for its securities and collateral.

Concentration of credit risk – The Village places no limit on the amount the Village may invest in any one issuer. The Village's investments are in the Illinois Funds and certificate of deposits.

3. PROPERTY TAX CALENDAR

Property tax levy ordinance must be filed in Sangamon County by the last Tuesday in December on the assessed valuation as of January 1. The tax levy becomes an enforceable lien against the property on January 1 of the year following the tax levy year. These taxes are collected by the County Collector and are submitted to the County Treasurer, who remits to the Government units their respective share of the collections.

Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments during the following year. The Sangamon County installments are due June 1 and September 1.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Governmental Activities

Capital asset activity for the year ending April 30, 2010 consists of the following:

		Balance May 1, 2009 Additions Deletions				Deletions		Balance April 30, 2010			
Capital assets not being depreciated											
Land	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,000			
Other capital assets											
Buildings		350,502		-		-		350,502			
Vehicles		303,119		93,967		10,000		387,086			
Equipment		387,473		12,450		•		399,923			
Computers		16,476		·		-		16,476			
Infrastructure		1,568,996		_				1,568,996			
Total capital assets		2,676,566		106,417		10,000		2,772,983			
Less accumulated											
depreciation for:											
Buildings		137,369		8,762		-		146,131			
Vehicles		241,833		35,015		10,000		266,848			
Equipment		230,049		40,373		-		270,422			
Computers		6,158		2,795		-		8,953			
Infrastructure		147,832		39,225				187,057			
Total accumulated				•							
depreciation		763,241	_	126,170		10,000		879,411			
Total capital assets,											
net of accumulated											
depreciation	<u>\$</u>	1,913,325	\$	<u>(19,753</u>)	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	1,893,572			

4. CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

B. Business-type Activities

Capital asset activity for the year ending April 30, 2010 consists of the following:

	Bala May 1,		9 Additions Deletions				Balance April 30, 2010			
Sewer plant treatment facility Vehicle Equipment Total capital assets		59,500 16,500 <u>4,149</u> 80,149	\$	- 9,250 9,250	\$	-	\$	2,359,500 16,500 13,399 2,389,399		
Less accumulated depreciation for: Sewer plant treatment										
facility	1.1	91,342		58,987		_		1,250,329		
Vehicle		16,500		_		-		16,500		
Equipment		4,149		848				4,997		
Total accumulated										
depreciation	1,2	<u>11,991</u>		<u>59,835</u>				1,271,826		
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 1,1</u>	<u>68,158</u>	<u>\$ (</u>	<u>50,585</u>)	\$	_	<u>\$</u>	1,117,573		
Depreciation expense was	charged t	o functio	ns as f	ollows i	n the Sta	temen	t of A	ctivities:		
Governmental activi										
General governm	ent						\$	33,869		
Public safety								21,520		
Streets and public	works							68,881		
Culture and recre	ation							1,900		
Total depreciation ex	kpense – g	governme	ental a	ctivities			<u>\$</u>	126,170		
Business-type activi	ties:							50.005		
Sewer								59,835		
Total depreciation ex	kpense – t	ousiness-	type a	ctivities			<u>\$</u>	59,835		

5. RISK MANAGEMENT ASSOCIATION

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss including, but not limited to, general liability, property casualty, workers compensation and public official liability. To limit exposure to these risks, the Village participates in the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA). The Village pays an annual premium to IMLRMA for its coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded the coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Village's policy is to record any related expenditures in the year in which they are notified and pay the assessment. The Village is not aware of any additional assessments owed as of April 30, 2010.

Employee life and health risks are insured through the purchase of a commercial insurance plan.

6. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The Village has adopted a deferred compensation plan for all full time employees. The Village contributes 5% of an employee's annual salary for the purchase of a variable whole life insurance policy in the name of the employee. An employee is eligible to participate when hired and is vest 100% immediately. During the year the Village contributed \$13,516 for employee policy premiums.

7. PENSION PLANS

The Village makes contributions to a multi-employer pension plan for its union employees. Contributions made for the year ended April 30, 2010 totaled \$5,358.

The union-negotiated defined benefit plan is administered by representatives of various trade unions. The Pension Protection Act of 2006 (PPA of 2006) imposed additional funding rules for defined benefit multi-employer plans and now requires plan actuaries for each defined benefit plan to forecast the plan's funding status. This requirement was effective for the 2008 plan year. It is possible that these plans will require the Village to increase the pension contributions as a part of a corrective plan for those plans which are below certain funding levels as defined by the PPA of 2006. Management does not believe that these increased contributions or other corrective actions will have a material adverse affect on the Village.

8. LONG TERM DEBT

Governmental Activities

General Obligation Bonds, Series 2004

The Village issued \$915,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2004 for the purpose of refunding prior bonds of the Village. The Village pays 62% of debt service expenditures from funds provided from the Sewer Fund and 38% from a general obligation tax levy provided from the General Fund. Principal payments range from \$90,000 to \$105,000 annually and have a final principal maturity date of October 1, 2013. The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Years ending April 30,	April 30, Principal				<u>Total</u>			
2011	\$	90,000	\$	12,793	\$	102,793		
2012		95,000		9,555		104,555		
2013		100,000		5,968		105,968		
2014		105,000		2,021		107,021		
Total	\$	390,000	\$	30,337	<u>\$</u>	420,337		

Capital Leases

The Village is obligated under two equipment leases accounted for as capital leases. The leased assets (vehicles) and related obligation are accounted for as a governmental activity. The assets under the capital lease net of depreciation totaled \$45,549 at April 30, 2010. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital lease, together with the net present value of the minimum lease payments at April 30, 2010:

Year ended April 30,		
2011	\$	15,800
2012		6,866
2013		3,888
2014		3,888
2015	*	3,855
Future minimum lease payments		34,297
Less: Amount representing interest		2,085
Present value of minimum lease payments	<u>\$</u>	32,212

8. LONG TERM DEBT – Continued

Tax Increment Financing Payable Bonds

The tax increment financing bonds are a limited obligation of the tax increment financing district of the Village payable solely and only from collections of incremental taxes from each specific "Project Increment Area" are deemed to be "Pledged Taxes," irrevocable until the obligations are discharged. These bonds do not constitute a general obligation of the Village. However, the bonds payable are required to be reported on the Village's financial statements.

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 1991

The Village issued \$147,840 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 1991 in 1992 for the purpose of infrastructure improvements in the Roadway Redevelopment Project Area. The Village pays debt service expenditures from tax incremental revenue generated by specific property. The full principal amount matures in fiscal year 2010 but was not paid during the fiscal year.

Years ending April 30,	Principal			Interest	Total			
2011	\$	147,840	\$	322,904	<u>\$</u>	470,744		
Total	\$	147,840	<u>\$</u>	322,904	<u>\$</u>	<u>470,744</u>		

Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2004

The Village issued \$1,650,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2004A and Series 2004B for the purpose of paying a portion of redevelopment project costs. The Village pays debt service expenditures from increment sales tax and property taxes collected within the Tax Increment Financing District. Principal payments range from \$117,000 to \$186,000 annually beginning in fiscal year 2008. The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Years ending April 30,	<u> </u>	rincipal]	Interest		Total
2011	\$	132,000	\$	80,280	\$	212,280
2012		123,000		73,260		196,260
2013		130,000		65,880		195,880
2014		138,000		58,080		196,080
2015		148,000		49,800		197,800
2016-2019	***	682,000		105,300		787,300
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,353,000	<u>\$</u>	432,600	<u>\$</u>	1,785,600

8. LONG TERM DEBT – Continued

Tax Increment Financing Note Payable

Certain bond payments of the Village were paid by a developer of the Route 66 TIF District. For the year ending April 30, 2010, the developer paid principal and interest payments for the Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 totaling \$176,090. According to the development agreement all payments made by the developer for principal and interest on TIF bonds due to a shortfall in the Tax Increment Allocation Fund shall be repaid by the Village from tax increment financing proceeds. This obligation remains in effect until the expiration of the Route 66 TIF District in October 2022 or for so long as eligible project costs due to the developer under the development agreement remain outstanding and payable, whichever is sooner. Therefore, no set debt service schedule is available. The total note payable balance to the developer as of April 30, 2010 is \$370,258.

The Village did not make the \$20,790 principal and interest payment due to a shortfall in the Tax Increment Allocation Fund. As of April 30, 2010, the developer had not made the \$20,790 payment of principal and interest on the TIF Bonds. As a result, the Village has recorded the unpaid \$15,000 of principal due on January 1, 2010 in the current portion of Bonds payable on the Village's Statement of Net Assets as of April 30, 2010.

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the fiscal year the activity relating to governmental long-term liabilities is as follows:

		alances May 1	_A	dditions	Reductions		Balances April 30		Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities: \$915,000 G.O. Refunding Sewer Bonds, Series 2004, monthly interest payments at a variable rate, due October 1, 2013, principal payments begin									
October 1, 2004 *	\$	182,400	\$	-	\$	34,200	\$ 148,200	\$	34,200
\$31,000 Capital Lease, interest At 3.80%, due July 15, 2011		31,000		-		16,288	14,712		10,354
\$17,500 Capital Lease, interest At 4.15%, due April 28, 2015		-		17,500		-	17,500		3,222
\$147,890 Tax Incremental Financia Bonds, Series 1991, interest payments at 12%, due September 17, 2009	ng	147,840		-		-	147,840		147,840

8. LONG TERM DEBT – Continued

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities - Continued

\$1,650,000 TIF Revenue Bonds		Restated Balances May 1		Additions	Re	eductions		Balances April 30	-	ue Within one Year
Series 2004, semi annual interest payments at 6%, due January 1, 2019, principal payments began January 1, 2008	\$	1,448,000	\$	-	\$	95,000	\$	1,353,000	\$	132,000
TIF Note payable		194,168		176,090		-		370,258		-
Compensated absences payable		35,206		27,571		26,398		36,379		16,661
Governmental activity – long-term liabilities	<u>\$</u> _	2,038,614	<u>\$</u>	221,161	<u>\$</u>	171,886	<u>\$</u>	2,087,889	\$	344,277
Business-type activities: \$915,000 G.O. Refunding Sewer Bonds, Series 2004, monthly interest payments at a variable rate, due October 1, 2013, principal payments begin October 1, 2004 *	\$	297,600	\$	_	\$	55,800	\$	241,800	\$	55,800
·	Ψ	•	Ψ		•		•	·		•
Compensated absences payable Business-type activity		9,742	-	5,632		6,065		9,309		3,808
long-term liabilities	<u>\$</u>	307,342	\$	5,632	<u>\$</u>	61,865	<u>\$</u>	251,109	<u>\$</u>	59,608

^{*}The G.O. Refunding Sewer Bonds are paid out of the General Fund and the Sewer Fund.

9. DEBT WITHOUT GOVERNMENT COMMITMENT

Special Service Area Bonds, Series 2001

The Village issued \$1,000,000 Special Service Area Bonds, Unlimited Ad Valorem Tax Bonds, Series 2001 for the purpose of infrastructure improvements at the Route 66 Crossing at Sherman development. The Village is not obligated for repayment. Village residents located in the special service area are obligated to pay the special tax along with their standard County property tax bill. Therefore, the Village does not report any liability in its financial statements. Principal payments range from \$55,902 to \$117,655 annually with a final payment due October 1, 2015. The outstanding principal balance as of April 30, 2010 was \$600,117.

10. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund receivable and payable balances at April 30, 2010 consist of:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables		
General Fund:				
TIF Fund	\$ 15,229	\$ 92,413		
Sewer	<u>39,339</u>			
	54,568	92,413		
TIF Fund:				
General Fund	92,413	15,229		
Sewer Fund:				
General Fund		39,339		
<u> </u>				
Total interfund receivables/payables	<u>\$ 146,981</u>	<u>\$ 146,981</u>		

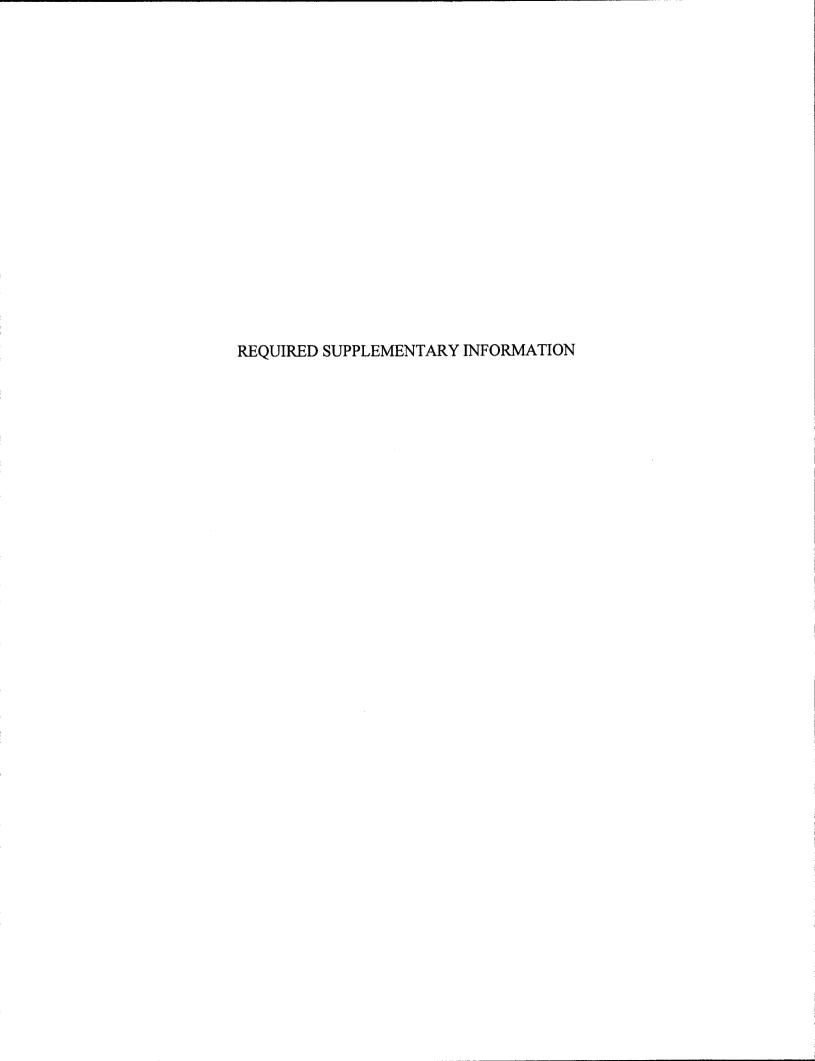
The purpose of significant due from/to other funds is as follows:

- \$92,413 due from the General Fund to the TIF Fund. The balance consists of Tax Increment Financing District property and sales taxes received in the General Fund, but not yet paid at April 30, 2010.
- \$39,339 due from the Sewer Fund to the General Fund. The balance consists of salary expenditures paid by the General Fund, but not yet repaid by the Sewer Fund at April 30, 2010. The \$15,229 due from the TIF Fund to the General Fund consists of salary expenditures paid by the General Fund, but not yet repaid by the TIF Fund at April 30, 2010.

11. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The Village has restated beginning fund balance/net assets as of May 1, 2009 to a) report on the accrual basis.

	General	-	Tax ncrement inancing	 tor Fuel Tax	:	Sewer	G	overnmental Activities		usiness-Type Activities
FUND BALANCE/ NET ASSETS, December 1 (as previously reported)	\$ 322,576	\$	2,697,394	\$ 62,985	\$	1,350,870	\$	2,992,872	\$	1,350,870
Restated for a) accrual basis	 46,756		(73,643)	1,825		(3,326)		(47,818)		(3,326)
FUND BALANCE/ NET ASSETS, DECEMBER 1 (as restated)	\$ 369,332	\$	2,623,751	\$ 64,810	\$	1,347,544	\$	2,945,054	\$_	1,347,544



GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	For the Year Ended Apr	Variance		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over/ (Under)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 151,000	\$ 151,000	\$ 147,443	\$ (3,557)
Road and bridge taxes	40,000	40,000	42,325	2,325
Sales and use taxes	305,000	305,000	284,565	(20,435)
Personal property replacement taxes	350	350	319	(31)
Income taxes	250,000	250,000	185,514	(64,486)
Franchise fees	19,000	19,000	20,836	1,836
Liquor license	2,400	2,400	2,400	-
Building permits	10,000	10,000	30,435	20,435
Fines	46,000	46,000	44,922	(1,078)
Investment income	1,000	1,000	448	(552)
Miscellaneous	867,500	867,500	24,417	(843,083)
Total revenues	1,692,250	1,692,250	783,624	(908,626)
EXPENDITURES				
General government				
Finance:				
Insurance	23,750	23,750	10,968	(12,782)
Salaries	56,250	56,250	42,636	(13,614)
Payroll taxes	68,750	68,750	13,886	(54,864)
Computer	1,875	1,875	1,817	(58)
Auditing	3,125_	3,125	367_	(2,758)
Finance total	153,750	153,750	69,674	(84,076)
Legal:				
Attorney	17,500	17,500	9,017	(8,483)
Legal total	17,500	17,500	9,017	(8,483)
Village clerk:				
Salary	11,250	11,250	10,553	(697)
Payroll expenditures	-	-	319	319
Printing, supplies and postage	8,750	8,750	5,634	(3,116)
Dues and membership	7,500	7,500	2,350	(5,150)
Telephone	4,000	4,000	3,503	(497)
Bulk mailing	15,000	15,000	979	(14,021)
Village clerk total	46,500	46,500	23,338	(23,162)
	•	•		(Continued)

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	For the Year Ended Apr	Variance				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over/ (Under)		
Village Hall:						
Salaries	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 16,842	\$ (8,158)		
Payroll expenditures	•	-	666	666		
Office equipment	-	-	263	263		
Supplies/labor	10,000	10,000	7,274	(2,726)		
Utilities	13,750	13,750	12,285	(1,465)		
Miscellaneous	3,750	3,750	5,791	2,041		
Building maintenance	1,875	1,875	966	(909)		
Recycling program	5,625	5,625	3,800	(1,825)		
Community events	8,750	8,750	6,925	(1,825)		
Website	6,250	6,250	885	(5,365)		
Village hall total	75,000	75,000	55,697	(19,303)		
Contingency						
Contingency	261,792	261,792	4,851	(256,941)		
Contingency total	261,792	261,792	4,851	(256,941)		
General government total	554,542	554,542	162,577	(391,965)		
Public Safety:						
Public health and safety:						
Mosquito control	6,250	6,250	-	(6,250)		
ESDA	3,125	3,125	2,885	(240)		
Miscellaneous	3,125	3,125	1,645	(1,480)		
Public health safety total	12,500	12,500	4,530	(7,970)		
Police:						
Salaries	412,500	412,500	300,169	(112,331)		
Payroll expenditures	-	-	53,420	53,420		
Telecommunications	22,500	22,500	28,906	6,406		
Gasoline	27,500	27,500	19,822	(7,678)		
Equipment maintenance	13,750	13,750	5,621	(8,129)		
Training	11,250	11,250	7,231	(4,019)		
Uniforms	7,500	7,500	2,970	(4,530)		
Neighborhood watch	1,250	1,250	1,015	(235)		
Supplies	13,875	13,875	13,436	(439)		
Police total	510,125	510,125	432,590	(77,535)		
Total public safety	522,625	522,625	437,120	(85,505)		
				(Continued)		

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	•	•		Variance
	Original	Final		Over/
	Budget	Budget	Actual	(Under)
Streets and Public Works				
Streets and alleys:				
Salaries	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 105,126	\$ (19,874)
Payroll expenditures	. ,		19,892	19,892
Gas and oil	15,000	15,000	10,548	(4,452)
Equipment maintenance and repair	25,000	25,000	11,371	(13,629)
Telephone	2,125	2,125	1,625	(500)
Miscellaneous/supplies	12,500	12,500	5,519	(6,981)
Clean-up day	5,000	5,000	-	(5,000)
Streets and alleys total	184,625	184,625	154,081	(30,544)
Engineering:				
Engineer Engineer	62,500	62,500	92,202	29,702
Engineering total	62,500	62,500	92,202	29,702
Streets and Public Works total	247,125	247,125	246,283_	(842)
Culture and Recreation				
Parks and recreation:				
Gas and oil	2,500	2,500	2,151	(349)
Fertilizer	2,500	2,500	36	36
Equipment supplies	3,750	3,750	4,169	419
Park improvements	6,250	6,250	4,546	(1,704)
Parks and recreation total	12,500	12,500	10,902	(1,598)
Culture and recreation total	12,500	12,500	10,902	(1,598)
Debt Service				
Debt Service:				
G.O. refunding bonds principal	34,200	34,200	34,200	-
G.O. refunding bonds interest	17,050	17,050	6,163	(10,887)
Debt service total	51,250	51,250	40,363	(10,887)
Capital outlay	12 125	12 125	41,329	28,204
Police	13,125	13,125	9,742	(15,258)
Streets and alleys	25,000 845,000	25,000 845,000	9,742	(845,000)
Village Hall	845,000		51,071	(832,054)
Capital outlay total	883,125	883,125	31,071	(032,034)
Total expenditures paid	2,271,167	2,271,167	948,316	(1,322,851)
- -				(Continued)

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Teat Educat April 30, 2010							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over/ (Under)			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ (578,917)	\$ (578,917)	\$ (164,692)	\$ 414,225			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Capital leases issued Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>-</u>		17,500 17,500	17,500 17,500			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (578,917)	\$ (578,917)	(147,192)	\$ 431,725			
RECONCILIATION TO MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS - NET CHANGE RESULTING FROM RECORDING ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE,							
PAYABLE, AND OTHER ACCRUED ITEMS			77,467				
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR - RES	TATED		369,332				
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR			\$ 299,607	(Concluded)			

MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over/ (Under)	
REVENUES								
Motor fuel tax	\$	73,800	\$	73,800	\$	71,961	\$	(1,839)
Investment income		200		200		100		(100)
Miscellaneous		26,000		26,000		-		(26,000)
Total revenues		100,000		100,000		72,061		(27,939)
EXPENDITURES								
Streets and Public Works:								
Highway maintenance program		36,078		36,078		-		(36,078)
Miscellaneous projects		18,239		18,239		5,289		(12,950)
Street lighting		66,971		66,971		44,960		(22,011)
Signal maintenance		5,000		5,000		11,095		6,095
Total expenditures		126,288		126,288		61,344		(64,944)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(26,288)	\$	(26,288)		10,717	\$	37,005
RECONCILIATION TO MODIFIED ACCRUAL								
BASIS - NET CHANGE RESULTING FROM								
RECORDING ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE,								
PAYABLE, AND OTHER ACCRUED ITEMS						2,939		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR						62,985		
Prior period adjustment						1,825		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR - REST	ATED					64,810		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR					\$	78,466		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

April 30, 2010

1. BUDGET

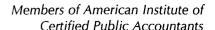
The appropriations ordinance and budget is prepared on a cash basis by fund, namely, General Fund and Motor Fuel Tax Fund. A fiscal year budget has not been prepared for the Tax Increment Financing Fund. Prior to passage the governing body holds public hearings and may add, subtract from, or change appropriations. A final appropriation ordinance and budget must be filed with the County Clerk within 30 days of its adoption. Expenditures are budgeted by operational line item which constitutes the legal level of control. The amounts reflected in the financial statements represent the final amended appropriations.

2. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS

The budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and Motor Fuel Tax Fund present comparisons of the budget on a cash basis with actual data on the cash basis. Because accounting principles applied for purposes of developing data on a budgetary basis differ from those used to present basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), a reconciliation of resultant basis and timing differences in excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures for the year ended April 30, 2010 is presented on each budgetary comparison schedule in the line item titled "Reconciliation to modified accrual basis – net change resulting from recording accounts receivable, payable, and other accrued items."

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

	Balances, May 1, 2009		Additions		De	eductions	Balances, April 30, 2010		
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents Property tax receivable	\$	5,083 126,010	\$	126,011 125,903	\$	125,902 126,010	\$	5,192 125,903	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	131,093	\$	251,914	\$	251,912	\$	131,095	
LIABILITIES									
Deferred revenue Due to others	\$	126,010 5,083	\$	125,903 126,011	\$	126,010 125,902	\$	125,903 5,192	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_\$	131,093	\$	251,914	\$	251,912	\$	131,095	





3201 West White Oaks Drive, Suite 102 • Springfield, IL 62704

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE OF ILLINOIS PUBLIC ACT 85-1142

The Board of Trustees Village of Sherman, Illinois Sherman, Illinois

We have examined management's assertion included in its representation letter dated July 14, 2011, that the Village of Sherman, Illinois, complied with the provisions of subsection (q) of Section 11-74.4-3 of the Illinois Tax Increment Redevelopment Allocation Act (Illinois Public Act 85-1142) during the year ended April 30, 2010. As discussed in that representation letter, management is responsible for the Village of Sherman, Illinois' compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assertion about the Village's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was made in accordance with the standards established by the American Institute of Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Village of Sherman, Illinois' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Village of Sherman, Illinois' compliance with statutory requirements.

In our opinion, management's assertion that the Village of Sherman, Illinois complied with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended April 30, 2010, is fairly stated in all material respects, except for the distribution to the Sherman Library district for which no supporting documentation was available.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Village Board, management and the Illinois Department of Revenue, Illinois State Comptroller's Office and the Joint Review Board and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Springfield, Illinois July 14, 2011

Schiehul

TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET BY SUBFUND

April 30, 2010

	Original TIF District	Route 66 TIF District	Rail Pointe TIF District	Total TIF Fund
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Property tax receivable Due from other funds	\$ 392,516 2,209,608 907,148	\$ 26,606 - 36,233 82,523	\$ 5,674 120,001 4,976 9,890	\$ 424,796 2,329,609 948,357 92,413
Total assets	\$ 3,509,272	\$ 145,362	\$ 140,541	\$ 3,795,175
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deferred revenue Due to other funds	\$ 11,541 907,148 15,229	\$ 379 36,233	\$ 1,136 4,976	\$ 13,056 948,357 15,229
Total liabilities	933,918	36,612	6,112	976,642
Fund balances: Reserved for economic development	2,575,354	108,750	134,429	2,818,533
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,509,272	\$ 145,362	\$ 140,541	\$ 3,795,175

TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BY SUBFUND

For the year ended April 30, 2010

	Original TIF District			oute 66 TIF District	Rail Pointe TIF District		 Total TIF Fund
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	981,323	\$	35,791	\$	5,094	\$ 1,022,208
Investment income		14,513		31		163	14,707
Sales tax		-		10,022			 10,022
Total revenues		995,836		45,844		5,257	 1,046,937
EXPENDITURES							
Salaries		47,540		_		-	47,540
Attorney fees		18,149		4,932		2,736	25,817
Administration		11,570		-		-	11,570
Engineering		33,016		8,818		8,579	50,413
Contractual agreements		615,000		-		-	615,000
Bond payments							
Principal		-		95,000		-	95,000
Interest		-		81,090		-	81,090
Infrastructure improvements		101,815					 101,815
Total expenditures		827,090		189,840		11,315	 1,028,245
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES BEFORE							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		168,746		(143,996)		(6,058)	 18,692
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				176,090			176,090
TIF Note proceeds		<u> </u>		176,090			 176,090
Total other financing sources (uses)			_	170,090			 170,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		168,746		32,094	<u></u>	(6,058)	 194,782
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,480,251		76,656		140,487	2,697,394
Prior period adjustments		(73,643)		-		-	 (73,643)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF							
OF THE YEAR - RESTATED		2,406,608		76,656		140,487	 2,623,751
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	2,575,354	\$	108,750	\$	134,429	\$ 2,818,533

See independent auditor's report.